## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of providing data transmission across a public computer network, the method comprising:

creating a link aggregation comprising a plurality of tunnels across the public computer network to connect a first computer to a second computer, the plurality of tunnels including a tunnel for each link in [[the]]a link aggregation, said link aggregation capable of simultaneously supporting a plurality of transmission protocols;

connecting a first computer at a first <u>private network site</u> with a second computer at a second <u>private networksite</u>, the connection made via the <u>tunnels created across the public</u> computer network; and

transmitting packets end-to-end from the first computer to the second computer in a manner characterized that data is transmitted from the first computer to the second computer without terminating [[a ]]the connection from the first computer to the second computer at a switch at an inbound edge of the public computer network, the packets conforming to protocols in the plurality of transmission protocols.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of transmission protocols comprises LACP protocol, and packets are transmitted in accordance with the LACP protocol to perform Ethernet loadsharing across multiple links.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of transmission protocols comprises PAgP protocol, and packets are transmitted in accordance with the PAgP protocol to perform Ethernet loadsharing across multiple links.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of transmission protocols comprises UDLD protocol, and packets are transmitted in accordance with the UDLD protocol to perform unidirectional link detection.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein a unique ISP access VLAN is assigned to each connection between corresponding <u>link aggregation Etherehannel</u>-ports.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising monitoring the computer network

to detect multipoint protocol tunneling.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the monitoring is performed on a per-interface basis.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the monitoring is performed by examining a source media access control address on a transmitted protocol data unit.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the source media access control address is recorded as a multipoint protocol tunneling reference, and an aging timer is set to a minimum time that is longer than a longest expected transmission time for the transmitted protocol data unit.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein, before expiration of the aging timer, all packets arriving with a source media access control address other than the reference are dropped.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein, after expiration of the aging timer, the first packet arriving after expiration of the aging timer provides its source media access control address as the next multipoint protocol tunneling reference.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein a report is generated upon detection of multipoint protocol tunneling.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein multipoint protocol tunneling detection is performed on a per-protocol basis.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein multipoint protocol tunneling detection is performed on a per-port basis.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A computer program product containing instructions which, when executed by at least one computer, provides data transmission across a public computer network by performing the acts of:

creating a link aggregation comprising a plurality of tunnels across the public computer network to connect a first computer to a second computer, the plurality of tunnels including a tunnel for each link in [[the]]a link aggregation, said link aggregation capable of simultaneously supporting a plurality of transmission protocols;

connecting a first computer at a first <u>private network site</u>-with a second computer at a second <u>private networksite</u>, the connection made via the <u>tunnels created across the public</u>

computer network; and

transmitting packets end-to-end from the first computer to the second computer in a manner characterized that data is transmitted from the first computer to the second computer without terminating [[a ]]the connection from the first computer to the second computer at a switch at an inbound edge of the public computer network, the packets conforming to protocols in the plurality of transmission protocols.

- 16. (Original) The product of claim 15, wherein the plurality of transmission protocols comprises LACP protocol, and packets are transmitted in accordance with the LACP protocol to perform Ethernet loadsharing across multiple links.
- 17. (Original) The product of claim 15, wherein the plurality of transmission protocols comprises PAgP protocol, and packets are transmitted in accordance with the PAgP protocol to perform Ethernet loadsharing across multiple links.
- 18. (Original) The product of claim 15, wherein the plurality of transmission protocols comprises UDLD protocol, and packets are transmitted in accordance with the UDLD protocol to perform unidirectional link detection.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The product of claim 15, wherein a unique ISP access VLAN is assigned to each connection between corresponding <u>link aggregation Etherehannel</u> ports.
- 20. (Original) The product of claim 15, further comprising monitoring the computer network to detect multipoint protocol tunneling.
- 21. (Original) The product of claim 20, wherein the monitoring is performed on a perinterface basis.
- 22. (Original) The product of claim 20, wherein the monitoring is performed by examining a source media access control address on a transmitted protocol data unit.
- 23. (Original) The product of claim 22, wherein the source media access control address is recorded as a multipoint protocol tunneling reference, and an aging timer is set to a minimum time that is longer than a longest expected transmission time for the transmitted protocol data unit.
- 24. (Original) The product of claim 23, wherein, before expiration of the aging timer, all

packets arriving with a source media access control address other than the reference are dropped.

- 25. (Original) The product of claim 23, wherein, after expiration of the aging timer, the first packet arriving after expiration of the aging timer provides its source media access control address as the next multipoint protocol tunneling reference.
- 26. (Original) The product of claim 20, wherein a report is generated upon detection of multipoint protocol tunneling.
- 27. (Original) The product of claim 20, wherein multipoint protocol tunneling detection is performed on a per-protocol basis.
- 28. (Original) The product of claim 20, wherein multipoint protocol tunneling detection is performed on a per-port basis.
- 29. (Currently Amended) A computer network for connecting computers at different sites private networks with each other, the computer network comprising: means for creating a link aggregation comprising a plurality of tunnels across [[the ]]a public computer network to connect a first computer to a second computer, the plurality of tunnels including a tunnel for each link in [[the]]a link aggregation, said link aggregation capable

means for connecting a first computer at a first <u>private network site</u> with a second computer at a second <u>private networksite</u>, the connection made via the <u>tunnels created across the public computer network</u>; and

of simultaneously supporting a plurality of transmission protocols;

means for transmitting packets end-to-end from the first computer to the second computer in a manner characterized that data is transmitted from the first computer to the second computer without terminating [[a ]]the connection from the first computer to the second computer at a switch at an inbound edge of the public computer network, the packets conforming to protocols in the plurality of transmission protocols.

- 30. (new) The method of claim 1, wherein said plurality of tunnels is formed in part by adding an outer VLAN tag to each packet at the inbound edge of the public computer network and removing the outer VLAN tag at an outbound edge of the public computer network, the outer VLAN tag corresponding to a tunnel.
- 31. (new) The computer program product of claim 15, wherein said plurality of tunnels is

formed in part by adding an outer VLAN tag to each packet at the inbound edge of the public computer network and removing the outer VLAN tag at an outbound edge of the public computer network, the outer VLAN tag corresponding to a tunnel.

32. (new) A method of providing data transmission across a public computer network, the method comprising:

receiving, at a switch at an inbound edge of the public computer network, packets from a plurality of links between the switch and a first computer located at a first private computer network, wherein the links comprise a link aggregation;

creating a plurality of tunnels across the public computer network;

assigning each of the plurality of links a tunnel from among the plurality of tunnels;

transmitting the packets from the first computer to a second computer at a second private network, a connection made between the first computer and the second computer across the public computer network via the created tunnels;

wherein the packets are transmitted from the first computer to the second computer without terminating the connection from the first computer to the second computer at the switch at the inbound edge of the public computer network, such that a point to point connection is established between the first computer and the second computer for each link of the link aggregation.